Science 10 - Motion - Practice Test

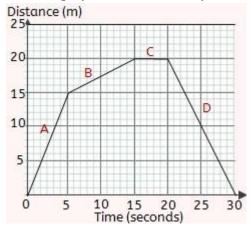
$$v_{av} = \frac{d_2 - d_1}{t}$$

$$a_{av} = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t}$$

$$v_2 = v_1 + a_{av} t$$

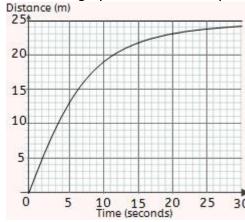
$$v_2 = v_1 + a_{av}\mathsf{t} \qquad v_1 = v_2 - a_{av}\mathsf{t}$$

- 1. You walk 40 m east, 20 m west, 50 m east then 10 m west.
 - a. 60 m E
 - b. 120 m
 - c. 0.3 m/s
 - d. Scalar because it doesn't have a direction
- 2. 50 400 m
- 3. Use the graph to answer the questions:



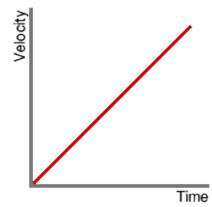
- 3 m/s a.
- b. 5 s
- Slower (2 m/s) c.
- d. 0 m

4. Use the graph to answer the guestions:



- a. 1.9 m/s
- b. 0.1 m/s
- c. It is slowing down (negative acceleration)

- 5. A ball is dropped off a very tall building. Its initial speed is 0 m/s and has an acceleration of 10 m/s² down.
 - a. 50 m/s
 - b. 10 s



c.

6. You are pushing a heavy box along the floor. You need to push really hard to get it moving, but once it starts, it slides more easily. You then push a smaller box, and find it moves much faster when you push the same amount. Explain how <u>one</u> of Newton's laws explains what is happening in this situation.

Inertia – harder to start an object moving (overcome inertia) than to keep it moving F = ma - need smaller force to move the smaller box than the larger box, and with the same force the acceleration of the larger box will be less

Equal and opposite force – box pushes against you with an equal force as you push on it