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## Acid Equilibrium Practice Test

1. Explain the difference between the terms "concentrated" and "dilute" with respect to both strong and weak acids.
2. A reaction occurs according to the following equation:
$\mathrm{HCO}_{3}{ }^{-}+\mathrm{HCN} \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}+\mathrm{CN}-$
a. Identify the acid, base, conjugate acid and conjugate base.
b. Is the base in this reaction an Arrhenius base, a Bronsted-Lowry base or both? How do you know?
c. Identify the substance in the reaction that can be amphoteric.
3. What is the pH for $3.00 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{M}$ barium hydroxide solution?
4. Consider two solutions: 0.035 M solution of $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ and a 0.035 M solution of HF .
a. What is the difference in pH for these solutions? Show all of your work.
b. Why is the pH not the same for these solutions, considering they have the same concentration?
5. What is the $\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right],\left[\mathrm{OH}^{-}\right], \mathrm{pH}$ and pOH for a $8.9 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{M}$ solution of methylamine, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ?
6. A solution of hydrochloric acid with an unknown concentration and a volume of 25.00 mL is neutralized with 34.20 mL of 0.2463 M sodium hydroxide. What is the pH of the hydrochloric acid?
